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ESF 14 – Long-Term Community Recovery

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ESF 14. Long-Term Community Recovery

ESF 14 Tasked Agencies	
Primary Agencies	Emergency Management
Supporting Agencies	Appropriate Departments
Adjunct Agencies	

1 Purpose and Scope

The Long-Term Community Recovery Emergency Support Function (ESF) provides a mechanism for coordinating support to local governments, non-governmental organizations, the private sector, and impacted citizens to enable recovery from the long-term consequences of extraordinary disasters. ESF 14 may be activated for incidents that require a response to address significant long-term impacts (e.g., impacts on housing, government operations, agriculture, business, community infrastructure, human health, social services, and the environment) to foster sustainable recovery. Application will depend on the magnitude and type of incident.

The purpose of this document is to provide a framework for developing a future comprehensive recovery plan and for managing successful recovery activities after a disaster or emergency.

2 Policies and Authorities

Clackamas County follows additional policies as outlined in the following State guidance materials:

- State of Oregon Disaster Recovery Guidebook

3 Situation and Assumptions

3.1 Situation

- Interagency recovery expertise will need to be coordinated to provide strategic guidance to long-term recovery efforts.
- There will be a need to streamline assistance processes and avoid duplication of assistance.
- Recovery activities continue long after the Emergency Operations Center (EOC) has been closed, requiring the activities to be coordinated and managed from a different location.
- The recovery process can be split into long-term and short-term activities, but some activities can be both.
- Short-term recovery returns vital life support systems to at least minimum operating standards and meets people's immediate life sustaining needs.

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- Long-term recovery may go on for years until the entire disaster area is completely redeveloped, either as it was before the disaster or for entirely new purposes.

3.2 Assumptions

- Depending on the type and scope of the incident, Federal resources and/or funds may be available for public and/or private (individual and businesses) assistance.
- A long-term recovery plan will be developed based on the impacts of the specific disaster or emergency, the duties and responsibilities outlined in the other functional annexes and hazard-specific annexes to this plan, and the planning considerations addressed in this annex.
- Long-term recovery planning and activities could include mitigation efforts to reduce the potential hazard of similar disasters in the future.
- Depending on the incident, the transition to recovery functions is tasked to a County work group representing many County services rather than the EOC.

4 Roles and Responsibilities

There are many departments and agencies that will be called upon to coordinate assistance and general public informational updates.

4.1 Organization

As response activities are completed, the management of and responsibility for recovery operations could transition from the EOC to an established Recovery Management Team or Office.

Establishment of a Recovery Management Team and transfer of recovery responsibilities from the EOC to the Team will be the responsibility of the Policy Group. To avoid duplication of efforts, this transition should not occur until all response-specific activities have been completed.

4.2 Task Assignments**4.2.1 General**

- While the EOC is still activated, the initial development of a Recovery Plan will be the responsibility of the IC but may be delegated to the appropriate department.
- Depending on the incident, it may be more appropriate for some recovery functions to be tasked to a specific County department rather than an EOC Section. The tasked department will keep the Incident Commander apprised of their recovery activities.

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4.2.2 Policy Group

- Provides policy, guidance, and project prioritization for restoration.

4.2.3 County Administrator

- Provides guidance for the administration and management of departmental recovery functions.
- Provides for the assignment and coordination of responsibilities for management of disaster recovery activities.
- Develops and implements procedures for maintaining County/department daily operations and services
- Keeps elected officials informed of the situation and provides advice on required decisions and appropriate actions.
- Ensures that accurate public information is disseminated.

4.2.4 Clackamas County Emergency Management

- Leads interagency team to develop strategic goals for recovery operations and public information. .

5 Direction and Control

To be developed.

6 Emergency Support Function Development and Maintenance

- Clackamas County Emergency Management is responsible for maintaining this annex.
- Each agency will develop standard operating procedures that address assigned tasks.

7 Supporting Plans and Procedures

The following plans and procedures are currently in place:

- State of Oregon Disaster Recovery Guide
- State of Oregon Emergency Operations Plan, ESF 14 – Long-Term Community Recovery
- National Response Framework, ESF 14 – Long-Term Community Recovery

8 Appendices

None at this time.